MICHIGAN STATE

March 24, 2008

Lorri Cameron, MPH, PhD Michigan Department of Community Health 201 Townsend, PO Box 30195 Lansing, MI 480909

Dear Lorri:

I've put together cost estimates for your question about allowing counties or clusters of counties to purchase supplemental samples of BRFS interviews in the course of our collecting data for the Michigan Behavioral Risk Factor Survey.



A Division of the

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As I mentioned in our phone conversation and as Ann Rafferty noted in her email response to you, OSR has had the contract with MDCH to collect the state's annual BRFS data for more than a decade. For the past 6 or 7 years, there has been an agreement between OSR and MDCH that would allow individual or clusters of counties to contract with OSR to conduct a BRFS of their county. OSR would agree to conduct the survey at a discounted cost of survey management while MDCH would agreed to all Michigan BRFS interviews from that particular county to be added to the sample purchased directly by the county. The effect is that counties would get a data set containing a larger sample of respondents than they might otherwise be able to afford. For the most part, counties would pay the incremental cost of collecting the additional interviews they want from their county rather than the cost of a whole survey.

A portion of the incremental cost is the purchase of supplemental samples of RDD phone numbers, some additional management time, but also the cost of integrating the MBRFS interviews from the county into the county-specific sample and constructing the caseweights so the file is ready for analysis.

On the next page, I am providing the cost breakdowns for scenarios in which the county contracts with OSR for 400, 600, 800 or 1,200 interviews. For these, I have assumed the average interview lasts 15 minutes (equivalent to the BRFS core). I've also assumed the full implementation of the BRFS calling protocol.

I've also attached a page showing the 2000 Census population counts for each county, the total population of the state, the percentage of the state's population that comes from each county, and the estimated number of interviews likely to come from each county in this year's MBRFS sample of 9,000 interviews. This will give you an idea of the approximate number of additional interviews each county could expect to add from MBRFS that could be added to those they

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they actually purchased if they had done so during this BRFS year.

Analysis and Report

\$ 4,730

I've also indicated the cost to have us analyze the data and prepare a summary report. For this, I've assumed the work would involve about 55 hours of time of an analyst billing hours at \$86 per hour.

BUDGET SUMMARY

Date:	3/24/2008	co: n=40	mental st of 00 per unty	co n=6	emental est of 00 per unty	cost o	mental f n=800 county	co n=12	emental est of 200 per ounty
Staff Salaries		\$	6,726	\$	7,428	\$	7,799	\$	8,376
Grad Assists.		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Training		\$	284	\$	427	\$		\$	853
Production Labor		\$	8,735	\$	13,013	\$	17,290	\$	25,846
Phones		\$	1,851	\$	2,777	\$	3,702	\$	5,553
Sample		\$	307	\$	385	\$	464	\$	621
Supplies		\$	1,376	\$	1,583	\$	1,791	\$	2,205
Postage		\$	808	\$	1,212	\$	1,616	\$	2,424
Equipment Fees		\$	689	\$	1,026	\$	1,363	\$	2,037
Software Fees		\$	636	\$	947	\$	1,258	\$	1,880
Network Fees		\$	3,972	\$	5,917	\$	7,862	\$	11,753
Travel (Airfare to BRFSS conference)		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Meals (3 days)		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Lodging (3 nights)		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Printing Report		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
TOTAL DIRECT		\$	25,384	\$	34,714	\$	43,714	\$	61,547
Per INVW Cost =			\$63.46		\$57.86		\$54.64		\$51.29
If MBRFS contributes	n= 36		\$ 58.22		\$54.58		\$52.29		\$49.80
	n= 75		\$53.44		\$51.43		\$49.96		\$48.27
	n= 100		\$50.77		\$49.59		\$48.57		\$47.34
	n= 150		\$46.15		\$46.29		\$46.01		\$45.59
	n= 200		\$42.31		\$43.39		\$43.71		\$43.96

2000 Census Counts for Michigan Counties							
	total	% of State's Population	Likely yield of county interviews from MBRFS				
Michigan	9,938,444	100.0%	9000				
COUNTY							
Ontonagon County	7,818	0.1%	7				
Oscoda County	9,418	0.1%	9				
Delta County	38,520	0.4%	35				
Menominee County	25,326	0.3%	23				
Dickinson County	27,472	0.3%	25				
Ogemaw County	21,645	0.2%	20				
Gladwin County	26,023	0.3%	24				
Alcona County	11,719	0.1%	11				
Charlevoix County	26,090	0.3%	24				
Otsego County	23,301	0.2%	21				
Wexford County	30,484	0.3%	28				
Huron County	36,079	0.4%	33				
Shiawassee County	71,687	0.7%	65				
Antrim County	23,110	0.2%	21				
Missaukee County	14,478	0.1%	13				
Mackinac County	11,943	0.1%	11				
Kalkaska County	16,571	0.2%	15				
Montmorency County	10,315	0.1%	9				
Barry County	56,755	0.6%	51				
Cheboygan County	26,448	0.3%	24				
Alpena County	31,314	0.3%	28				
Leelanau County	21,119	0.2%	19				
Presque Isle County	14,411	0.1%	13				
Sanilac County	44,547	0.4%	40				
Benzie County	15,998	0.2%	14				
Oceana County	26,873	0.3%	24				
Roscommon County	25,469	0.3%	23				
Clare County	31,252	0.3%	28				
Osceola County	23,197	0.2%	21				
Grand Traverse County	77,654	0.8%	70				
losco County	27,339	0.3%	25				
Hillsdale County	46,527	0.5%	42				
Livingston County	156,951	1.6%	142				
Emmet County	31,437	0.3%	28				
Clinton County	64,753	0.7%	59				
Mason County	28,274	0.7 %	26				
Lapeer County	87,904	0.5%	80				
Houghton County	36,016	0.9%	33				
Midland County	82,874						
Ottawa County	238,314	0.8%	75				
Ottawa County	230,314	2.4%	216				

Tuscola County	58,266	0.6%	53			
Iron County	13,138	0.1%	12			
Newaygo County	47,874	0.5%	43			
Bay County	110,157	1.1%	100			
Allegan County	105,665	1.1%	96			
Marquette County	64,634	0.7%	59			
Crawford County	14,273	0.1%	13			
Manistee County	24,527	0.2%	22			
Schoolcraft County	8,903	0.1%	8			
Gogebic County	17,370	0.2%	16			
Arenac County	17,269	0.2%	16			
Monroe County	145,945	1.5%	132			
Isabella County	63,351	0.6%	57			
St. Clair County	164,235	1.7%	149			
Lenawee County	98,890	1.0%	90			
Montcalm County	61,266	0.6%	55			
St. Joseph County	62,422	0.6%	57			
Branch County	45,787	0.5%	41			
Macomb County	788,149	7.9%	714			
Keweenaw County	2,301	0.0%	2			
Mecosta County	40,553	0.4%	37			
Gratiot County	42,285	0.4%	38			
Ionia County	61,518	0.6%	56			
Baraga County	8,746	0.1%	8			
Van Buren County	76,263	0.8%	69			
Eaton County	103,655	1.0%	94			
Chippewa County	38,543	0.4%	35			
Alger County	9,862	0.1%	9			
Cass County	51,104	0.5%	46			
Luce County	7,024	0.1%	6			
Jackson County	158,422	1.6%	143			
Kent County	574,335	5.8%	520			
Kalamazoo County	238,603	2.4%	216			
Oakland County	1,194,156	12.0%	1081			
Ingham County	279,320	2.8%	253			
Calhoun County	137,985	1.4%	125			
Lake County	11,333	0.1%	10			
Washtenaw County	322,895	3.2%	292			
Muskegon County	170,200	1.7%	154			
Berrien County	162,453	1.6%	147			
Saginaw County	210,039	2.1%	190			
Genesee County	436,141	4.4%	395			
Wayne County	2,061,162	20.7%	1867			
		If MBRFS r) -			
	0.000.444					
	9,938,444	9000				

There is little difference in surveying a sparsely populated county and a densely populated county except in the overall cooperativeness of householders, i.e., the response rate. Urban areas tend to have lower response rates so it takes more sample and more calling to produce the same number of completed interviews compared to a more rural area.

I hope this is helpful. Let me know if you have questions.

Cordially,

Larry A. Hembroff, Ph.D. Survey Director